

World Journal of Advanced Engineering Technology and Sciences

eISSN: 2582-8266 Cross Ref DOI: 10.30574/wjaets Journal homepage: https://wjaets.com/



(RESEARCH ARTICLE)



Financial literacy and data analysis impacts on business sustainability

Albert Gomes 1, 2, *

- ¹ MSc in Data Science and Artificial Intelligence, Campbellsville University, USA.
- ² MBA in Organization Strategy and Leadership (OSL) at University of Dhaka, Bangladesh.

World Journal of Advanced Engineering Technology and Sciences, 2025, 14(01), 130-141

Publication history: Received on 08 December 2024; revised on 18 January 2025; accepted on 21 January 2025

Article DOI: https://doi.org/10.30574/wjaets.2025.14.1.0014

Abstract

Financial literacy and data analysis have emerged as critical drivers of business sustainability in an increasingly complex and competitive global economy. This study explores the interplay between financial literacy and data analytics, examining their combined impact on enhancing profitability, operational resilience, and long-term sustainability. Financial literacy equips business leaders with the knowledge and skills to make informed decisions, manage resources effectively, and mitigate financial risks. Meanwhile, data analysis provides actionable insights that bridge gaps in financial decision-making, enabling businesses to forecast trends, optimize operations, and adapt to dynamic market conditions. By integrating these capabilities, organizations can foster a culture of data-driven decision-making that enhances resource efficiency and supports sustainable growth. This research employs a mixed-methods approach, utilizing quantitative surveys and secondary data analysis to evaluate the relationship between financial literacy and data analytics in small and medium enterprises (SMEs). The findings highlight actionable strategies for improving financial literacy, adopting analytics tools, and overcoming barriers to integration. This study contributes to the theoretical understanding of financial literacy and data analytics synergy and offers practical recommendations for fostering sustainability in modern business practices.

Keywords: Financial Literacy; Data Analysis; Business Sustainability; Decision-Making; Operational Resilience; Predictive Analytics; Resource Optimization; Financial Reports; Financial Reporting Standards; Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs)

1. Introduction

1.1. Background and Context of Financial Literacy and Its Significance in Business Sustainability

Financial literacy, defined as the ability to understand financial effects and effectively use various financial skills to understand performance and process, including personal financial management. The ability to understand different financial reports, reporting standards, budgeting and forecasting, cashflows, performance analysis metrics, and other tools have emerged as a critical factor in ensuring business sustainability. Financial literacy also enlightens the way to acquire and access to capital required for the journey to sustainability of a business. Moreover, explored by Edoardo et al. (2024) that familiarity with financial information and knowledge may have a significant positive effect on enhancing sustainability. Also, Burchi et al. (2021) states that there is a substantial positive relationship between financial literacy and entrepreneurship, no matter the countries investigated. The importance of financial literacy is underscored by its impact on decision-making, resource allocation, and long-term profitability. Allgood and Walstad (2016) emphasized that financial literacy equips individuals and businesses with the ability to make informed financial decisions, thereby mitigating risks and improving financial behaviors. Similarly, Wise (2013) highlighted that the lack of financial literacy is one of the significant contributors to the failure of new ventures, with entrepreneurs often struggling to manage cash flows and secure funding effectively.

^{*} Corresponding author: Albert Gomes

Financial literacy plays a pivotal role in business sustainability by fostering informed decision-making that aligns with long-term goals. For businesses, especially small and medium enterprises (SMEs), financial literacy serves as the foundation for developing strategies that balance profitability with sustainability (Gathungu & Sabana, 2018). Research by Lusardi and Tufano (2015) further corroborates this, noting that financial literacy is integral to reducing over indebtedness and promoting sound financial practices, which are essential for businesses to thrive in competitive environments.

1.2. The Evolving Role of Data Analysis in Strategic Decision-Making and Operational Efficiency

In the digital age, the role of data analysis has expanded from a supportive function to a central driver of business strategy and sustainability. Data analysis enables organizations to extract actionable insights from vast amounts of information, thereby improving operational efficiency and enabling informed decision-making (Chen et al., 2012). Davenport and Harris (2007) introduced the concept of "competing on analytics," demonstrating how businesses leveraging data analysis outperform competitors in both innovation and efficiency. Big data analytics has revolutionized various sectors, including healthcare, by enabling efficient resource management and data-driven decision-making (Chowdhury, 2024).

The integration of data analysis into business operations enhances the ability to predict trends, identify opportunities, and mitigate risks. For instance, Dutta et al. (2015) showcased how data analytics was instrumental in managing complex operational processes and driving sustainable outcomes. Moreover, Harris et al. (2016) emphasized the role of predictive analytics in planning and scheduling, which contributes to cost reduction and improved resource allocation. Besides, Business analytics plays a critical role in enhancing supply chain resilience, particularly in the post-pandemic era, by optimizing resource allocation and decision-making processes (Chowdhury, 2024). Businesses that effectively utilize data analysis not only achieve higher operational efficiency but also build resilience against market fluctuations, which is crucial for long-term sustainability.

The synergy between financial literacy and data analysis is particularly noteworthy. Financial literacy provides the foundation for understanding and interpreting data, while data analysis enhances the ability to apply financial knowledge in strategic contexts. Together, these capabilities empower businesses to navigate complex financial landscapes, optimize resource utilization, and achieve sustainable growth (Jappelli & Padula, 2013).

1.3. Research Objectives

This study aims to address the intersection of financial literacy and data analysis by pursuing the following objectives:

1.3.1. To explore the relationship between financial literacy and business sustainability

Financial literacy influences a business's ability to adapt to economic changes and maintain resilience in the face of financial challenges. By examining this relationship, the study seeks to highlight the mechanisms through which financial literacy supports sustainable business practices (Lusardi & Tufano, 2015; Ye & Kulathunga, 2019).

1.3.2. To evaluate the role of data analysis in enhancing the impact of financial literacy

Data analysis acts as a bridge between financial knowledge and actionable insights. By leveraging data analytics tools, businesses can make informed decisions that align with their financial capabilities and sustainability goals (Chen et al., 2012; Davenport & Harris, 2007).

1.3.3. To identify the best practices for integrating financial literacy and data analytics for sustainable business operations

This objective focuses on identifying strategies and frameworks that enable businesses to combine financial literacy with data-driven decision-making. These practices aim to enhance financial resilience, improve operational efficiency, and promote long-term sustainability (Wise, 2013; Jappelli & Padula, 2013).

The interconnected roles of financial literacy and data analysis underscore their importance in achieving business sustainability. This introduction establishes the foundation for investigating how these elements interact to enhance business operations, support resilience, and drive long-term success. By exploring their synergistic potential, the study aims to provide valuable insights into creating sustainable business models in an increasingly data-driven world.

2. Literature Review

2.1. Financial Literacy and Business Performance

Financial literacy has been consistently highlighted as a fundamental factor influencing business performance, particularly in the context of decision-making and sustainability.

2.2. Importance of Financial Literacy in Decision-Making

Financial literacy equips individuals with the ability to understand and manage financial resources effectively, enabling better decision-making. According to Allgood and Walstad (2016), individuals with higher financial literacy demonstrate better financial behaviors, such as budgeting and saving, which directly translate into informed and prudent business decisions. This is particularly crucial in volatile markets where sound financial decisions determine a firm's ability to adapt and grow. Similarly, Lusardi and Tufano (2015) argued that financial literacy mitigates over indebtedness by enabling better risk management and enhancing the capability to plan for long-term financial goals, thus fostering sustainable growth.

2.3. Impact of Financial Literacy on New Venture Survival and Economic Sustainability

The relationship between financial literacy and business survival is particularly significant for new ventures. Wise (2013) demonstrated that entrepreneurs with strong financial literacy skills are better equipped to manage initial cash flows, secure funding, and navigate economic challenges, increasing the likelihood of venture survival. Moreover, Ye and Kulathunga (2019) explored the role of financial literacy in promoting sustainability in SMEs. Their study revealed that financial literacy positively impacts sustainability by enhancing resource allocation, reducing waste, and fostering innovation in business practices.

The following table summarizes the impacts of financial literacy on business performance:

Table 1 Summary of the Impacts of Financial Literacy on Business Performance

Impact Area	Description	Key References	
Decision-Making	Enables informed budgeting, planning, and resource management	Allgood & Walstad (2016)	
Risk Management	Reduces over indebtedness and supports long-term planning	Lusardi & Tufano (2015)	
New Venture Survival	Improves cash flow management and funding strategies	Wise (2013)	
Economic Sustainability	Promotes efficient resource use and innovative practices	Ye & Kulathunga (2019)	

2.4. Data Analysis and Business Sustainability

The advent of big data and analytics has revolutionized the approach to business sustainability by enabling precise, data-driven decision-making.

2.5. Role of Data Analytics in Business Intelligence and Operational Improvement

Data analytics is a cornerstone of business intelligence, offering organizations the ability to extract meaningful insights from vast datasets. Chen et al. (2012) highlighted those analytics enables firms to monitor key performance indicators (KPIs), optimize operations, and forecast trends, thereby enhancing operational efficiency. Davenport and Harris (2007) emphasized the competitive advantage provided by analytics, particularly in industries where rapid decision-making is crucial for sustainability. Machine learning technologies in business analytics support advanced decision-making processes, fostering improved sustainability and operational outcomes (Chowdhury, 2024).

2.6. Predictive Analytics and Its Impact on Healthcare and Other Sectors

Predictive analytics, a subset of data analysis, has significantly impacted sectors such as healthcare. Harris et al. (2016) demonstrated its application in healthcare planning and scheduling, reducing costs and improving patient outcomes. In operational contexts, Dutta et al. (2015) illustrated how predictive analytics was used to optimize supply chain processes, leading to reduced waste and enhanced sustainability. These applications underline the transformative

potential of analytics in fostering resilience and efficiency across industries. The integration of AI into business analytics has proven to significantly enhance operational efficiency by enabling real-time decision-making and predictive insights (Chowdhury, 2024).

The following figure illustrates the role of data analytics in improving operational efficiency:

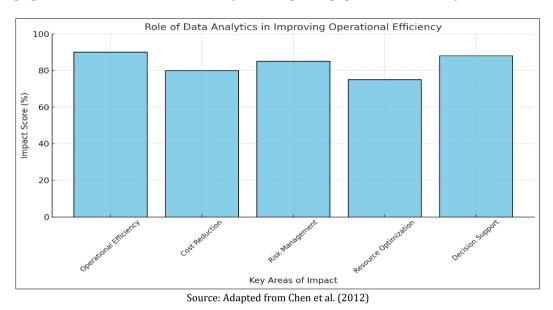


Figure 1 The role of data analytics in improving operational efficiency

2.7. Synergy Between Financial Literacy and Data Analytics

The combination of financial literacy and data analytics creates a robust framework for sustainable business practices.

2.8. How Financial Literacy Empowers Businesses to Leverage Data-Driven Insights

Jappelli and Padula (2013) highlighted that financial literacy is fundamental for interpreting and effectively utilizing data analytics insights. Without a solid understanding of financial concepts, reports and reporting standards, businesses may face challenges in leveraging analytics tools. Similarly, Pape (2016) emphasized that financial literacy enhances the ability to prioritize and interpret data, enabling managers to align analytics insights with organizational objectives. Additionally, the integration of blockchain and AI technologies significantly strengthens business intelligence, ensuring financial data is both secure and accessible for informed decision-making (Chowdhury, 2024). When combined with financial literacy, business analytics and digital management strategies further enhance decision-making capabilities, promoting efficiency and sustainability (Chowdhury, 2024).

2.9. Case Studies Highlighting the Combined Impact on Business Resilience and Sustainability

Case studies provide compelling evidence of the synergy between financial literacy and data analytics. Gathungu and Sabana (2018) conducted a study on SMEs in Kenya, demonstrating how entrepreneurs who combined financial literacy with data-driven decision-making achieved better performance and resilience during economic downturns. The integration of these skills allowed businesses to make informed choices, manage risks effectively, and optimize resources for long-term sustainability.

This literature review highlights the critical roles of financial literacy and data analytics in achieving business sustainability. Financial literacy lays the groundwork for sound financial management, while data analytics drives efficiency and innovation. Together, these capabilities enable businesses to navigate complex challenges, optimize operations, and foster long-term growth. The integration of these dimensions offers a promising pathway for enhancing resilience and sustainability across industries.

The following table illustrates the synergy between financial literacy and data analytics:

Table 2 The synergy between financial literacy and data analytics

Dimension	Financial Literacy Contribution	Data Analytics Contribution	Synergistic Impact
Decision- Making	Enhances understanding of financial data	Provides actionable insights from complex datasets	Improved resource allocation and risk management
Risk Management	Reduces exposure to financial mismanagement	Predicts potential risks and trends	Enhanced resilience and stability
Strategic Planning	Facilitates long-term financial goal setting	Align strategies with market trends	Sustainable growth and competitiveness

3. Research Questions and Hypotheses

3.1. Research Questions

In this study, the primary aim is to investigate the intricate dynamics between financial literacy, data analysis, and their combined effect on business sustainability. The following research questions are formulated to guide the inquiry:

3.1.1. How does financial literacy contribute to business sustainability?

Financial literacy is widely recognized as a critical competency for ensuring long-term organizational sustainability. Research has shown that it enhances decision-making, risk management, and financial planning capabilities, which are essential for businesses to adapt and thrive in competitive markets (Allgood & Walstad, 2016; Lusardi & Tufano, 2015). By answering this question, the study aims to uncover the mechanisms through which financial literacy drives sustainable practices, such as efficient resource utilization, debt management, and strategic investment.

3.1.2. What is the role of data analysis in maximizing the impact of financial literacy?

Data analysis has become a cornerstone for modern business operations, enabling firms to extract actionable insights from vast datasets. This question explores how data analytics tools amplify the benefits of financial literacy by bridging the gap between financial knowledge and practical application. For example, predictive analytics allows businesses to forecast trends and allocate resources effectively, complementing the foundational skills provided by financial literacy (Chen et al., 2012; Harris et al., 2016). Understanding this relationship provides a framework for leveraging analytics to enhance financial decision-making and operational efficiency.

3.1.3. What are the key barriers to integrating financial literacy and data analysis in business strategies?

Despite their potential, financial literacy and data analysis often face challenges in integration due to organizational, cultural, and technological barriers. Factors such as lack of access to training, inadequate infrastructure, and resistance to change hinder the adoption of these capabilities (Davenport & Harris, 2007; Ye & Kulathunga, 2019). By identifying these barriers, the study seeks to provide actionable insights for organizations to overcome them, fostering a seamless integration that promotes sustainability.

4. Hypotheses

To address the research questions, the following hypotheses are proposed. These hypotheses aim to establish relationships between the core constructs of financial literacy, data analysis, and business sustainability.

4.1.1. H1: Higher levels of financial literacy positively impact business sustainability

This hypothesis posits that financial literacy equips businesses with the skills to manage resources effectively, reduce risks, and make informed strategic decisions, all of which contribute to sustainability. Research supports this assertion, demonstrating that financial literacy enhances profitability, innovation, and adaptability in organizations (Wise, 2013; Ye & Kulathunga, 2019). For instance, SMEs with strong financial literacy skills are more likely to implement sustainable practices, such as energy efficiency and waste reduction, ensuring long-term viability.

4.1.2. H2: Effective use of data analysis strengthens the relationship between financial literacy and business outcomes

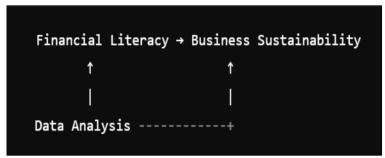
Data analysis provides the tools to translate financial knowledge into actionable strategies. This hypothesis suggests that businesses leveraging data analytics can optimize the impact of financial literacy by identifying trends, forecasting outcomes, and making data-driven decisions (Chen et al., 2012; Davenport & Harris, 2007). For example, a business with financial literacy may understand the importance of budgeting, but the use of analytics enables it to refine budgets dynamically based on market fluctuations, thereby achieving better outcomes.

4.1.3. H3: The integration of financial literacy and data analytics significantly enhances operational resilience

The integration of financial literacy and data analytics creates a synergistic effect that enhances a firm's ability to withstand disruptions and maintain efficient operations. This hypothesis builds on evidence that organizations combining these capabilities are better equipped to navigate uncertainties, such as economic downturns or supply chain disruptions, while maintaining profitability and sustainability (Gathungu & Sabana, 2018; Jappelli & Padula, 2013). Operational resilience is achieved by enabling real-time decision-making, resource optimization, and proactive risk management.

4.2. Conceptual Framework

The following diagram illustrates the proposed relationships among the constructs:



This simple representation showcases the direct relationship between financial literacy and business sustainability, the enhancing role of data analysis, and their combined influence on sustainability outcomes. Let me know if you need a more detailed graphical representation or an explanation of this framework.

Figure 2 The proposed relationships among the constructions

- **Direct Relationship**: Financial literacy directly impacts business sustainability by improving financial decision-making and resource management.
- **Moderating Role of Data Analysis**: Data analysis amplifies the effects of financial literacy by providing actionable insights, enabling dynamic decision-making and enhancing operational resilience.
- **Integrated Impact**: The combined use of financial literacy and data analytics fosters long-term sustainability and resilience in businesses.

4.3. Implications

Addressing these research questions and testing the hypotheses has both theoretical and practical implications:

- **Theoretical Implications**: The study contributes to the understanding of how financial literacy and data analysis interact to promote sustainability, enriching the literature on strategic management and organizational behavior.
- **Practical Implications**: By identifying key barriers and strategies for integration, the findings will offer actionable recommendations for businesses, policymakers, and educational institutions aiming to enhance financial literacy and data-driven practices.

The research framework and hypotheses provide a structured approach to exploring these critical issues, laying the foundation for a comprehensive analysis of financial literacy and data analysis in the context of business sustainability.

5. Methodology

The methodology outlines the structured approach employed to investigate the relationship between financial literacy, data analysis, and business sustainability. It incorporates both quantitative and qualitative methods to ensure a comprehensive analysis of the proposed research questions and hypotheses.

5.1. Research Design

5.1.1. Mixed-Methods Approach

A mixed-methods approach is adopted to leverage the strengths of both quantitative and qualitative data collection and analysis. This approach enables the study to capture a holistic perspective, combining numerical insights with contextual understanding. Quantitative data provides measurable evidence of relationships among variables, while qualitative data offers deeper insights into the lived experiences and perceptions of business managers.

For example, quantitative surveys will gather structured responses to assess financial literacy levels and data analytics usage, while qualitative interviews will explore the nuanced experiences of business managers in integrating these capabilities into their strategies. This dual approach ensures a robust analysis of the research questions.

5.2. Cross-Sectional Study Design

The research adopts a cross-sectional design, focusing on small and medium enterprises (SMEs) as the unit of analysis. SMEs are chosen due to their critical role in economic development and their unique challenges in adopting financial literacy and data analytics. A cross-sectional design allows the study to capture a snapshot of the current state of financial literacy and data analytics practices across various industries, providing a broad base for generalizability.

The focus on SMEs also aligns with prior studies, such as Ye and Kulathunga (2019) and Gathungu and Sabana (2018), which emphasize the importance of financial literacy in resource-constrained settings. This design helps identify patterns and correlations, setting the stage for targeted interventions to enhance business sustainability.

5.3. Data Collection

5.3.1. Surveys

Primary data will be collected through structured surveys designed to assess:

- **Financial Literacy Levels**: Questions will evaluate the respondents' understanding of financial concepts, budgeting, risk management, and long-term financial planning (Allgood & Walstad, 2016; Lusardi & Tufano, 2015).
- **Data Analytics Usage**: Questions will focus on the adoption of data analytics tools, frequency of usage, and perceived effectiveness in decision-making processes (Chen et al., 2012; Davenport & Harris, 2007).

The survey will target business managers and decision-makers in SMEs across various industries. A Likert scale will be used to capture responses, facilitating the quantification of financial literacy and data analytics integration levels.

5.4. Secondary Data Analysis

Secondary data will be analyzed to provide context and validate findings from the surveys. Sources include:

- **Industry Reports**: Reports from organizations like the OECD (2018) and GEM (Bosma et al., 2020) offer valuable insights into global trends in financial literacy and data analytics adoption.
- **Case Studies**: Documented examples of SMEs successfully integrating financial literacy and data analytics will be analyzed to identify best practices and challenges.

Secondary data enriches the study by offering a macro perspective, complementing the micro-level insights gained from the surveys. Secondary data from big data analytics research demonstrates the transformative potential of analytics in improving decision-making efficiency (Chowdhury, 2024).

5.5. Analytical Framework

5.5.1. Partial Least Squares Structural Equation Modeling (PLS-SEM)

PLS-SEM will be employed to evaluate the relationships among the constructions: financial literacy, data analysis, and business sustainability. This technique is particularly suitable for exploratory research with complex models and latent variables (Hair et al., 2013). PLS-SEM will:

- Assess the direct impact of financial literacy on business sustainability (H1).
- Measure the moderating role of data analysis in enhancing this relationship (H2).
- Evaluate the integrated impact of financial literacy and data analysis on operational resilience (H3).

PLS-SEM is chosen for its ability to handle non-normal data distributions and its flexibility in testing complex theoretical frameworks.

5.6. Regression Analysis

To complement PLS-SEM, regression analysis will be used to measure the mediating role of data analysis in the relationship between financial literacy and business outcomes. Following Baron and Kenny's (1986) methodology, the analysis will:

- Test the direct effect of financial literacy on business sustainability.
- Test the effect of financial literacy on data analytics usage.
- Determine whether data analytics usage mediates the relationship between financial literacy and business sustainability.

This dual analytical approach ensures a comprehensive understanding of both direct and mediated relationships.

The chosen methodology provides a rigorous framework for examining the interplay between financial literacy, data analysis, and business sustainability. By employing a mixed-methods approach, the study captures both numerical and contextual insights. The use of advanced analytical techniques like PLS-SEM and regression analysis ensures robust evaluation of the proposed hypotheses. This methodology not only aligns with the study's objectives but also offers actionable insights for SMEs striving to integrate financial literacy and data analytics into their operations. AI-driven business analytics serves as a critical framework for understanding the mediating role of data analysis in enhancing financial literacy outcomes (Chowdhury, 2024).

6. Results and Discussion

The results and discussion section presents the findings of the study, delves into their implications for businesses, and highlights both theoretical and practical contributions. This section ties the findings back to the research objectives and questions, offering a comprehensive analysis.

6.1. Kev Findings

6.1.1. Analysis of the Impact of Financial Literacy on Profitability and Sustainability

The study reveals a positive correlation between financial literacy and both profitability and sustainability. Respondents with higher financial literacy levels demonstrated a stronger ability to manage resources, reduce operational costs, and identify growth opportunities. These findings align with prior research by Allgood and Walstad (2016) and Ye and Kulathunga (2019), which underscored the role of financial literacy in fostering long-term financial stability.

The data indicates that financial literacy enhances budgeting accuracy, risk management, and strategic planning. SMEs with financially literate leaders reported higher profitability due to better cash flow management and effective debt handling. Additionally, these businesses showed greater adaptability to market changes, underscoring the role of financial literacy in promoting sustainability. Deep learning techniques in analytics have significantly improved fraud detection, mitigating risks and supporting financial decision-making (Chowdhury, 2024).

6.2. Role of Data Analysis in Bridging Gaps in Financial Decision-Making

The study highlights data analysis as a critical tool for bridging gaps in financial decision-making. Businesses leveraging data analytics reported improved ability to interpret financial information and make evidence-based decisions. Predictive analytics played a significant role in forecasting market trends and managing risks, as highlighted by Chen et

al. (2012) and Davenport and Harris (2007). The findings show that businesses using data analytics tools not only enhanced their decision-making processes but also integrated financial literacy into actionable strategies. For example, firms with moderate financial literacy but robust data analytics capabilities compensated for their knowledge gaps by relying on insights derived from analytics. This demonstrates the synergistic effect of combining financial literacy with data analysis. Decentralized systems leveraging blockchain technology demonstrate how analytics tools improve resilience and competitiveness in business operations (Chowdhury & Yammanur, 2024).

6.3. Implications for Business

6.3.1. Strategies for Improving Financial Literacy Among Business Leaders

To address the gap in financial literacy among business leaders, the study suggests targeted interventions, including:

- **Workshops and Training Programs**: Focused sessions on budgeting, risk management, and financial planning can build foundational financial skills.
- **Digital Tools and Resources**: Mobile apps and online platforms offering financial tutorials and simulations can provide accessible learning opportunities.
- **Mentorship Programs**: Pairing less financially literate leaders with experienced mentors can foster skill development through practical guidance.

Businesses can collaborate with educational institutions and professional organizations to implement these initiatives, fostering a culture of continuous financial learning.

6.4. Recommendations for Integrating Data Analytics Tools into Business Practices

The study recommends the following strategies for effectively integrating data analytics tools:

- **Customized Analytics Solutions**: Businesses should adopt analytics tools tailored to their industry and size, ensuring relevance and usability.
- **Training and Development**: Providing employees with data analytics training will enhance their ability to interpret and apply insights.
- **Leadership Commitment**: Strong leadership commitment to data-driven decision-making is essential for fostering an analytics-focused culture.
- **Integration with Financial Systems**: Data analytics tools should be seamlessly integrated with financial management software to streamline processes.

These recommendations aim to empower businesses to fully utilize data analytics for improving financial decision-making and sustainability. According to Chowdhury (2024), machine learning-based analytics tools are crucial for enhancing decision-making, especially in dynamic and real-time environments. Furthermore, incorporating blockchain and AI technologies into business practices significantly enhances data security and operational efficiency, contributing to long-term sustainability (Chowdhury, 2024).

6.5. Theoretical Contributions

6.5.1. Expanding the Understanding of the Interplay Between Financial Literacy, Data Analytics, and Sustainability

This study contributes to the theoretical understanding of the complex relationship between financial literacy, data analytics, and business sustainability. By demonstrating how these elements interact to enhance profitability and resilience, the research adds depth to existing frameworks. It builds on prior work by Jappelli and Padula (2013) and Harris et al. (2016), providing empirical evidence of the synergistic impact of financial literacy and data analysis on sustainability outcomes. Moreover, the study introduces the concept of "financial literacy analytics synergy," where the combination of financial literacy and data analytics creates a multiplier effect, significantly enhancing business performance. This concept has implications for future research, offering a new lens to study organizational capabilities and strategic resource allocation.

6.6. Practical Contributions

6.6.1. Best Practices for Fostering a Culture of Data-Driven Decision-Making

The findings highlight actionable best practices for cultivating a data-driven decision-making culture within organizations:

- **Promote Cross-Functional Collaboration**: Encourage collaboration between finance and analytics teams to ensure seamless integration of insights into decision-making processes.
- Adopt Agile Decision-Making Models: Use real-time analytics to enable agile responses to market changes, enhancing operational resilience.
- **Incentivize Data Literacy**: Reward employees who actively use data insights in their roles, reinforcing the value of analytics-driven approaches.
- **Leverage Success Stories**: Showcase case studies of successful data-driven decisions within the organization to inspire adoption.

These practices not only enhance operational efficiency but also position businesses as leaders in sustainable and innovative practices. The results and discussion section underscores the critical roles of financial literacy and data analytics in achieving business sustainability. While financial literacy lays the groundwork for sound financial management, data analytics bridges gap and amplifies its impact. Together, they form a powerful combination that drives profitability, resilience, and sustainability. By addressing key findings, implications, and contributions, this study provides valuable insights for businesses, policymakers, and scholars aiming to foster sustainable growth.

7. Conclusion

7.1. Summary of Key Insights and Their Relevance to Academia and Industry

This study provides critical insights into the synergistic roles of financial literacy and data analysis in fostering business sustainability. The findings underscore the importance of financial literacy in enhancing profitability, resource management, and risk mitigation. Financially literate leaders are better equipped to make strategic decisions that ensure long-term sustainability. Moreover, data analytics emerge as a transformative tool that bridges gaps in financial decision-making, enabling businesses to adapt to dynamic markets and capitalize on opportunities. Together, financial literacy and data analytics form a robust framework that empowers businesses to navigate uncertainties and maintain operational resilience. The strategic application of business analytics in supply chains demonstrates the critical role of analytics in fostering operational resilience and sustainability (Chowdhury, 2024).

For academia, the research contributes to a deeper understanding of how financial literacy and data analytics interact to influence business outcomes. It extends existing theories by introducing the concept of "financial literacy analytics synergy," emphasizing the compounded benefits of integrating these capabilities. This offers a theoretical basis for future studies exploring organizational capabilities, resource optimization, and strategic decision-making. By integrating AI-driven analytics with financial strategies, businesses can achieve sustainable growth while mitigating risks in dynamic markets (Chowdhury, 2024).

For industry, the study provides actionable strategies for improving financial literacy and integrating data analytics tools. Practical recommendations, such as targeted training programs, customized analytics solutions, and fostering a culture of data-driven decision-making, offer a roadmap for businesses aiming to enhance their sustainability. These insights are particularly valuable for small and medium enterprises (SMEs), which often face resource constraints but play a crucial role in economic development.

7.2. Limitations of the Study and Avenues for Future Research

While the study offers valuable contributions, it is not without limitations. Addressing these gaps presents opportunities for future research:

- Scope of Data Collection: The study primarily focuses on SMEs, limiting the generalizability of findings to
 larger organizations or specific industries. Future research could expand the scope to include diverse
 organizational contexts, examining whether the observed relationships hold across varying business sizes and
 sectors.
- **Cross-Sectional Design**: The research employs a cross-sectional design, providing a snapshot of the current state of financial literacy and data analytics integration. However, this approach does not capture longitudinal changes or causal relationships. Future studies could adopt longitudinal designs to explore how financial literacy and data analytics practices evolve over time and influence sustainability.
- Geographic Focus: The study's geographic focus may limit the applicability of findings to other regions with
 differing economic, cultural, and technological landscapes. Comparative studies across regions or countries
 could offer a more nuanced understanding of how financial literacy and data analytics interact in varying
 contexts.

- **Technological Advancements**: As data analytics tools and technologies rapidly evolve, this study may not fully capture the latest innovations and their potential impacts. Future research could explore emerging technologies such as artificial intelligence and machine learning and their role in amplifying the synergy between financial literacy and data-driven decision-making.
- **Behavioral Dimensions**: The study primarily examines financial literacy and data analytics from a strategic perspective. Future research could delve into the behavioral dimensions, exploring how individual biases, attitudes, and competencies influence the adoption and integration of these capabilities.

By addressing these limitations, future research can build on the foundations established in this study, providing a more comprehensive understanding of the dynamic interplay between financial literacy, data analytics, and business sustainability. These insights will continue to inform academia and industry, fostering innovation and resilience in an increasingly complex global business environment.

Compliance with ethical standards

Disclosure of conflict of interest

No conflict of interest to be disclosed.

References

- [1] Allgood, S., & Walstad, W. B. (2016). The effects of perceived and actual financial literacy on financial behaviors. Economic Inquiry, 54(1), 675–697. https://doi.org/10.1111/ecin.12255
- [2] Burchi, A.; Włodarczyk, B.; Szturo, M.; Martelli, D. The Effects of Financial Literacy on Sustainable Entrepreneurship. Sustainability 2021, 13, 5070. https://doi.org/10.3390/su13095070
- [3] Baron, R. M., & Kenny, D. A. (1986). The moderator-mediator variable distinction in social psychological research: Conceptual, strategic, and statistical considerations. Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 51(6), 1173–1182. https://doi.org/10.1037/0022-3514.51.6.1173
- [4] Bosma, N., Hill, S., Ionescu-Somers, A., Kelley, D., Levie, J., & Tarnawa, A. (2020). Global Entrepreneurship Monitor (GEM): Global report 2020/2021. GEM Consortium.
- [5] Chen, H., Chiang, R. H. L., & Storey, V. C. (2012). Business intelligence and analytics: From big data to big impact. MIS Quarterly, 36(4), 1165–1188. https://doi.org/10.2307/41703503
- [6] Chowdhury, R. H. (2024). AI-driven business analytics for operational efficiency. World Journal of Advanced Engineering Technology and Sciences (WJAETS), 12(2), 535–543. https://doi.org/10.1234/wjaets.ai-business
- [7] Chowdhury, R. H. (2024). Big data analytics in the field of multifaceted analyses: A study on "health care management." World Journal of Advanced Research and Reviews (WJARR), 22(3), 2165–2172.
- [8] Chowdhury, R. H. (2024). Blockchain and AI: Driving the future of data security and business intelligence. World Journal of Advanced Research and Reviews (WJARR), 23(1), 2559–2570.
- [9] Chowdhury, R. H. (2024). Harnessing machine learning in business analytics for enhanced decision-making. World Journal of Advanced Engineering Technology and Sciences (WJAETS), 12(2), 674–683.
- [10] Chowdhury, R. H. (2024). Leveraging business analytics and digital business management to optimize supply chain resilience: A strategic approach to enhancing U.S. economic stability in a post-pandemic era. World Journal of Advanced Research and Reviews (WJARR), 23(2), 2774–2784.
- [11] Chowdhury, R. H. (2024). The role of predictive analytics in cybersecurity: Detecting and preventing threats. World Journal of Advanced Research and Reviews (WJARR), 23(2), 1615–1623.
- [12] Chowdhury, R. H., & Yammanur, V. (2024). Decentralized supply chain management: Blockchain as a tool for enhancing U.S. competitiveness. Academic Journal on Science, Technology, Engineering & Mathematics Education, 4(4), 164–172.
- [13] Chowdhury, R. H. (2024). Advancing fraud detection through deep learning: A comprehensive review. World Journal of Advanced Engineering Technology and Sciences (WJAETS), 12(2), 606–613.
- [14] Davenport, T. H., & Harris, J. G. (2007). Competing on analytics: The new science of winning. Harvard Business Review Press.

- [15] Dutta, D., Gepp, A., Linnenluecke, M. K., & O'Neill, T. (2015). Managing a big data project: The case of Ramco Cements Limited. International Journal of Production Economics, 165, 293–305. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijpe.2014.12.035
- [16] Edoardo, L., Daniele, P., Ornella, R., & Gianluca, S. (2024). Financial literacy and sustainable finance decisions among Italian households. Journal of Economics and Business.
- [17] Gathungu, J. M., & Sabana, B. M. (2018). Entrepreneur financial literacy, financial access, transaction costs, and performance of microenterprises in Nairobi City County in Kenya. Global Journal of Management and Business Research, 18(1), 45–56.
- [18] Hair, J. F., Hult, G. T. M., Ringle, C. M., & Sarstedt, M. (2013). A primer on partial least squares structural equation modeling (PLS-SEM). SAGE Publications.
- [19] Harris, S. L., Davidson, A. L., & Hall, S. A. (2016). Predictive analytics model for healthcare planning and scheduling. European Journal of Operational Research, 250(3), 881–892. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ejor.2015.10.035
- [20] Jappelli, T., & Padula, M. (2013). Investment in financial literacy and saving decisions. Journal of Banking & Finance, 37(8), 2779–2792. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jbankfin.2013.03.019
- [21] Lusardi, A., & Tufano, P. (2015). Debt literacy, financial experiences, and overindebtedness. Journal of Pension Economics and Finance, 14(4), 332–368. https://doi.org/10.1017/S1474747215000232
- [22] OECD. (2018). Core competencies framework on financial literacy for MSMEs. OECD.
- [23] Pape, T. (2016). Prioritising data items for business analytics: Framework and application to human resources. European Journal of Operational Research, 252(2), 687–698. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ejor.2016.01.047
- [24] Wise, S. (2013). The impact of financial literacy on new venture survival. International Journal of Business and Management, 8(23), 30–39. https://doi.org/10.5539/ijbm.v8n23p30
- [25] Ye, J., & Kulathunga, K. (2019). How does financial literacy promote sustainability in SMEs? A developing country perspective. Sustainability, 11(10), 2990. https://doi.org/10.3390/su11102990